Discover

Interpreting the Bible Accurately. (Isaiah 55:10-11, Galatians 1:6-7)

1. The same Holy Spirit that inspired God's Word, helps us to accurately understand it.

- a. The Holy Spirit superintended the authorship of the Bible.
- b. The Holy Spirit guides us in our understanding of the truth of God's Word. (John 16:13)
- c. We share a historical faith.

2. All scripture is profitable, but not in the same way.

(2Timothy 3:16-17, John 13:4-15, Luke 22:14-20)

- a. Good interpretation works to understand what principles from scripture are applicable across times and cultures.
- b. Good interpretation is based on understanding the authors intent.
- c. The meaning derived must be consistent with all other teachings of scripture.
- d. It is important to distinguish between the "sometimes" and the "always".
- e. Texts have only one meaning but can have different applications.

3. Even the most complex challenges in interpretation can be understood through good interpretation principles.

- a. Figuring out figurative language can be less frustrating when it is interpreted well.
 - i. Take the Bible literally unless there is a good reason not to. (Song of Solomon, John 13:9-10a)
 - ii. There are some good reasons not to take a verse literally:
 - If they are visions or dreams. (Revelation 1:16, Daniel 4:11)

- If the application seems absurd or impossible. (Matt 5:29)
- If the literal meaning involves immorality or sin. (John 6:53-55, Luke 22:14-20)
- If the context assumes it, especially in some prophetic (Rev 5:1-5) and poetic passages. (Psalm 1:1-3)
- b. Controversial passages become less controversial when we interpret scripture well. (Leviticus 19:28 ESV)
 - i. They usually align with a historical understanding of scripture.
 - ii. If we have gotten something wrong in the past that does not mean that we cannot change our minds and actions going forward.
- c. Clear passages become obscured when we interpret scripture poorly.
 - i. This creates room for further wrong interpretations. Errors can be used to validate other errors. (Gal 1:6-7)
 - ii. This opens us up to accusations of inconsistency, bias, relativism, and irrelevancy.

Questions for Application and Discussion:

- 1. What part of understanding God's Word do you find most difficult?
- 2. What are some ways that people "distort" the truth of the Bible and the Gospel of Jesus Christ?
- 3. How can you personally grow in your ability to avoid distorting the truth of God's word?